IP Camera

Operating Instructions

Version V1.0 Release

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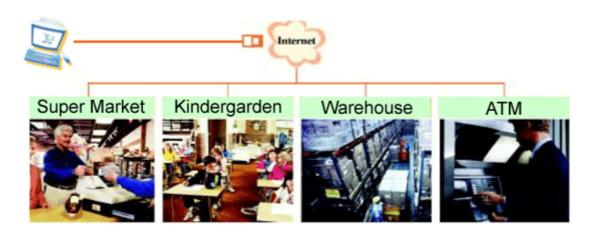
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1 Introduction

1.1 Welcome to the IP Camera

The IP Camera combines a high quality digital video camera with network connectivity and a powerful web server to bring clear video to your desktop from anywhere on your local network or over the Internet.



1.2 Package Contents



Your IP Camera package should contain the following items, If any of the listed items are missing, please contact your reseller from where you purchased the camera for assistance.

The package includes.

- 1. IP Camera *1
- 2. IP Camera Utility CD *1
- 3. Operating Instructions *1
- 4. 5V Power Adapter *1
- 5. Stand of plastic
- 6. Cable

1.3 Identify IP Camera

1.3.1 IP Camera Views



Figure 1 IP Camera 45-angle View



Figure 2 IP Camera Front View



Figure 3 IP Camera Back View

1.3.2 Indication and Operation



Figure 4 Front View Indication and Operation

The privacy button toggles **Privacy mode** and **Normal mode**, In **Privacy mode**, all the remote users will not be allowed to see the video.

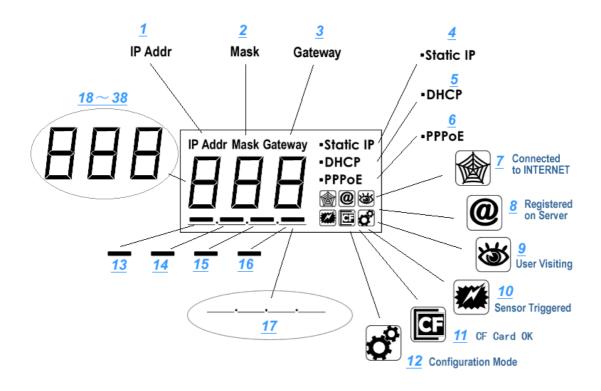
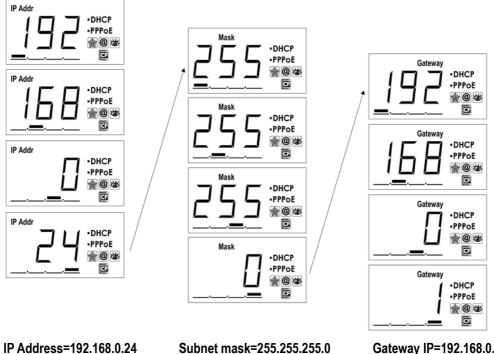


Figure 5 LCD Indications

LCD will loop show IP Address/Network Mask/Gateway, as shown in the Figure 6.



Subnet mask=255.255.255.0

Gateway IP=192.168.0.1

Figure 6 IP Address/Network Mask/Gateway loop show

Status icon indications list:

lcon	Meaning			
	DDNS Server Registered. Connected to the INTERNET successfully.			
0	Backbone server connected successfully.			
3	There is/are user(s) visiting IP Camera video.			
	Sensor triggered. (Digit input or Motion detection)			
CF	CF card detected.			
Ç	System in configuration status. E.g. Upgrading firmware.			

Network mode indications :

Icon	Meaning
Static IP	Use static (manually fixed) IP mode.

DHCP	IP Address is dynamically assigned by DHCP Server.
PPPoE	IP Camera's internal PPPoE dial function enabled.(Used for xDSL)

Working status LED meaning:

LED Status	Meaning
Normal Flashing:	Normal running
Turns on for 1/2 second every 3 seconds	
Always on or always off	System error
Fast Flashing:	System is starting, Please wait.
Turns on for 1/2 second every 1 second	
Slow Flashing:	Upgrading firmware, Please wait.
Turns on for 1/2 second every 6 second	

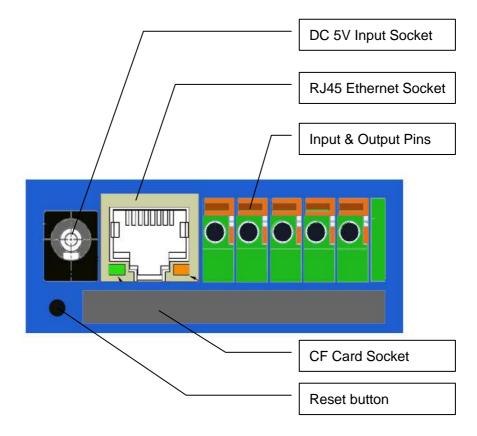


Figure 7 Back View Indication

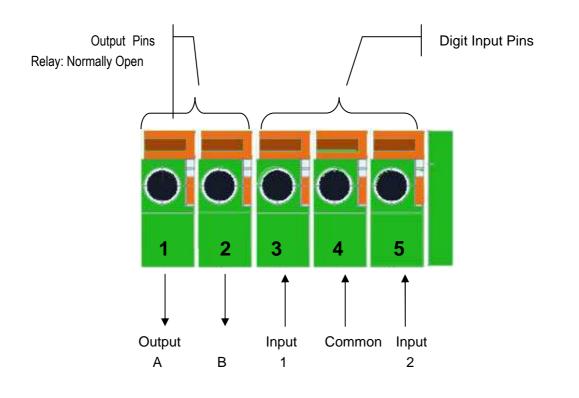


Figure 8 Input & Output defines

Input Pins: The input pins can be used for 2-way external sensor input. For example, you may connect a Person Infrared Sensor (PIR) to it for motion detection. When external sensor triggered, IP Camera can be programmed to send an email with picture or control the internal relay output.

Input pins can connect 2 sensors. The sensor should provide open/close signal only. The two lines of sensor 1 should connect to Pin 3 & Pin 4; the two lines of sensor 2 should connect to Pin 5 & Pin 4.

Output Pins: IP Camera has an internal relay. Relay's two normally open contacts are represented by Pin 1 and Pin 2. You may use it to control one external load below AC/DC 36V & 2 Amp.

While connecting input and output pins, strip off the protect rubber of wire for 5mm, the use a small screwdriver to depress and latch down the orange tabs over holes, Insert the red wire into hole until the insulation just reaches the back of the camera, use the screwdriver to press down and release the orange tab above hole locking the wire in place. Repeat the steps for other wires.

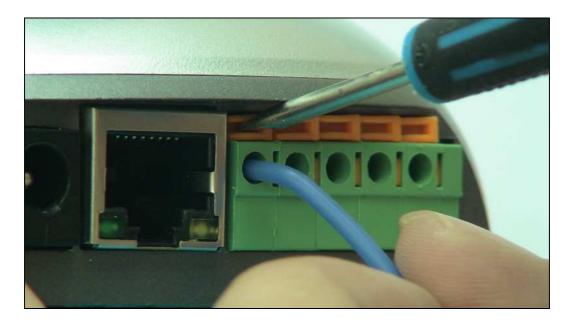


Figure 9 Input & Output Pins Connection

External Power Socket : Connect to a 5V AC-DC adapter.



CAUTION: Make sure to only use the power adapter supplied with your IP Camera. Using a non-approved power adapter may damage the camera.

RJ-45 Ethernet Socket: Connects your IP Camera to LAN.

CF Card Socket: Insert a Compact Flash Card for scheduler or sensor trigger's images storage. Support volume is 1MByte to 2GByte. CF Card should be format as FAT16/FAT32 before inserted.



Figure 10 Insert a CF Card



Caution: IP Camera **DO NOT** allow plug/unplug CF Card when power up. You must unplug IP Camera's power before operating CF Card.



Note: Please keep in mind, not all brand and mode's CF card can work with IP Camera, please take a test before purchase.

RESET button: Click the reset button shortly, will reboot the system. If you press the button and hold for 5 seconds or longer, the system will restore to factory default configuration, it will take about 30 seconds, then reboot automatically.



Caution: DO NOT switch off IP Camera's power during the procedure of restoring factory default. It will take about 30 seconds.

2 Functions and Features

2.1 Basic Functions

The IP Camera and your home or business network form a powerful audio/video remote monitoring solution. Just place the IP Camera anywhere on your network, power it up, and it's ready to be accessed by any PC on the network running web browser. The IP camera utilizes MJPEG hardware compression, brings 30fps@VGA resolution live video to you.

The built-in pan and tilt, live streaming audio, and snapshot/video capture functions can all be controlled directly from the camera's on-board homepage. Capability for motion detection with e-mail notification may be added by purchasing an optional motion detector.

Use the IP Camera to keep an eye on your home or business when you can't be there. Give friends and relatives a window into your world or monitor and record anything from anywhere on the Internet.

2.2 Advanced Features

✓ Advanced Image Encryption

Besides basic web authority mechanism, IP Camera provide an 128-bit AES encryption to the images transportation, ensures your information security.

✓ Digital Video Recording and Transportation

IP Camera can store images to CF Card, or, send images to your mailbox when triggered.

✓ Motion Detection

Your may use the internal Motion Detection function or external PIR sensor to trigger images recording and transportation.

✓ Relay Output Control

The internal relay can be used to control external devices according to your setting.

✓ DDNS support

IP Camera provides dynamic DNS function, thus you may use it in xDSL environment.

3 System Requirement

- ✓ LAN: 10Base-T Ethernet / 100BaseTX Fast Ethernet
- ✓ Web Browser can support ActiveX ,such as Internet Explorer 5.0 or higher,
- ✓ Web Browser can support Java Applet, such as Firefox 1.5
- ✓ PC Intel Pentium III or equivalent, 1GHz or above
- ✓ 128MB RAM
- ✓ 800x600 resolution with 16-bit color or above
- ✓ Windows 2000, Windows XP, Linux
- ✓ Other device: read-only CD-ROM



Note: Not only the fixed IP address can access cameras from the Internet, but also Dynamic IP can access cameras. If the IP address provided by your Internet Service Provider is dynamic (changing), then signing up for a dynamic DNS service will make accessing from the Internet much more convenient. Signing up for a DDNS is free and easy; you can get it in some websites, such as our website <u>www.vipcam.cn</u> that can give you more information.

4 Setup Procedure

Before use IP Camera, please setup according to the following procedures.

4.1 IP Camera Power & Network Connection

Plug the included Ethernet cable into the RJ-45 connector at the back of the camera as shown.

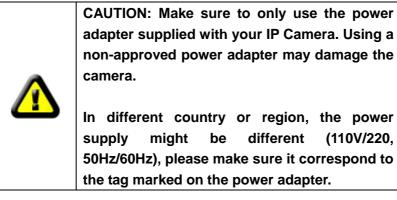


Figure 11 Connecting the Ethernet wire

Connect the power supply to the back of the camera as shown, and then plug the supply into an available power outlet.



Figure 12 connecting the power supply



4.2 Router/Switch/Hub/xDSL Modem Connection

Plug the other end of the Ethernet cable into any available LAN port. A typical home router/gateway connection is shown below. The LED of LAN port will then turns ON.

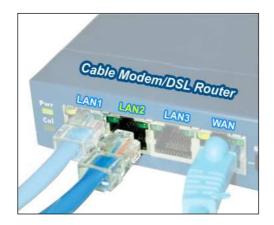


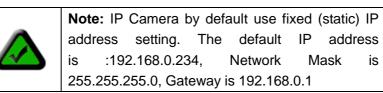
Figure 13 LAN connection

Check the LEDs on the RJ45 socket of IP Camera. If connection is ok, the green LED turns on. If there's any active data transportation, the orange LED will flash.

The LCD panel of IP Camera will show IP Camera's current IP address/Network Mask/Gateway.

IP Camera is available for visiting now. You have two methods to visit its homepage:

- 1. Run IPCamSearch Tool in the CD. This software will search for all IP Cameras in your LAN. Select one and then click [visit] to continue.
- 2. Run an Internet Explorer, and input the IP address as shown on the LCD to IE's address bar, for example: <u>http://192.168.0.234</u>.



4.3 Use IPCamSearch Tool to setup IP Cameras

Put the supplied CD into your CDROM, Click and run IPCamSearch Tool.

Serial Number	Current IP/Port	Firmware Version	
)00c2987df04	192.168.0.223:80	1.0.0.82	

Figure 14 IP Camera Search Tool

This tool shows all IP Cameras found on your LAN with its Serial Number/IP Address/Firmware Version. If your IP Camera's IP address is not as the same segment of your PC(defined by IP Address and Network Mask), you may not be able to visit your IP Camera. For example, Your PC's IP address is 192.168.100.33, network mask is 255.255.255.0, then your PC will only reach IP address 192.168.100.1 to 192.168.100.255, If your IP Camera's IP Address is not within this range, you cannot access it. Then you may click [Setup IP] button to change IP Camera's IP address to adopt your PC setting.

Click [Auto Set], let IPCamSearch tool find an available IP Address for you.

Serial Number	Current IP/Port	Firmware	Version
)00c2987df04	192.168.0.223	:80 1.0.0.82	
Setup		_	×
_ IP Se	tup		
IP A	ddress: 192 . 168	3.0.223	
Ne	t Mask: 255 , 255	5,0,0	
Ge	teway: 192 , 168	3.0.1	
A	uto Set	K Canc	el
Setup IP	Visit IPC	'am	Refresh

Figure 15 Modify IP Camera's IP Address

Click [OK], and then input administrator's username and password to continue.

Administrator User Name :	admin	
Administrator Password:	*****	
[Cancel	

Figure 16 Input Administrator's Username and Password



Note: By default, administrator's username is: <u>admin</u>, password is: <u>123456</u>

Input the correct username and password, and click [OK], then you can see a message box indicating IP Camera's IP Address has changed(IP Camera is in static IP mode now).

Then you may click [Visit IPCam] to run an Internet Explorer, You can do more configuration by click [System Setup] on homepage of IP Camera.



Note: If you don't have IPCamSearch tools at hand, you may change your PC's IP Address to the same segment, according to the IP shown on IP Camera's front LCD. Then you can input IP Camera's IP Address into IE's address bar to access.

4.4 View Video on Web Browser

You may visit IP Camera's homepage by IE or other compatible web browsers.

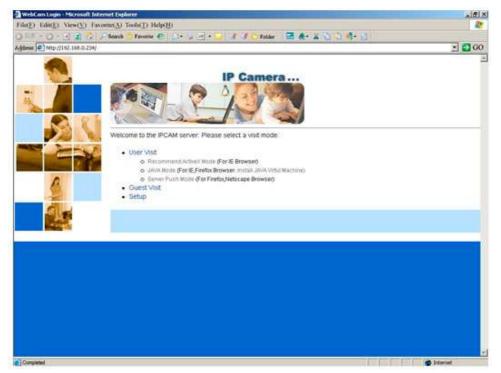


Figure 17 IP Camera Home Page



Note: Your web browser must support Javascript function.

Click "User Visit" to view video. You will see a message box which requires your login as shown below.

Connecting to 192.	168.0.234	<u>?</u> ×
		A CHAN
AL S		A an
VIPCAM		
Usemame (<u>U</u>):	🙎 admin	•
Password (\underline{P}) :	****	
	🗖 Remember my pa	issword (R):
	······	_
	<u>O</u> K	Cancel

Figure 18 Login Message box



Note: By default, administrator's username is: <u>admin</u>, password is: <u>123456</u>

Input correct Username and password, then you can view the video.

If you are using IE ActiveX mode, for the first time, you will be alert to install ActiveX control.

If you have enabled ActiveX Control in your IE configuration properly (See below to see how to setup IE security configuration), you will see a dialog like the one shown here.



Figure 19 IE Security Warning

Click [Install] to continue. If you cannot see the message above, you must modify IE's security configuration.



Note: You must setup Internet Explorer's security configuration properly, allow unsigned ActiveX Control to install.

You can follow this procedure to setup IE security configuration:

- 1. Select [Internet Options] in [Tools] menu of IE;
- 2. Switch to [Security] option card;
- 3. Select [Custom Level];
- 4. Setup as the following:
 - a) Init and Run unmarked as safety ActiveX controls: Select [Alert];
 - b) downloading unsigned ActiveX controls: Select [Alert];
 - c) Run ActiveX controls and plug-in: Select [Enable];

Î	Act	iveX controls and plug-ins
_	9	Download signed ActiveX controls
	_	🔘 Disable
		 Enable
		O Prompt
	Ø	Download unsigned ActiveX controls
	_	🔘 Disable
		 Enable
		O Prompt
	Ø	Initialize and script ActiveX controls not marked as saf
		🔘 Disable
		 Enable
		O Prompt
	V	Run ActiveX controls and plug-ins
		Administrator approved
		🔘 Disable
		Enable
	_	O Prompt
	V	Script ActiveX controls marked safe for scripting
		O Disable
		💽 Enable
		O Prompt

Figure 20 Security setting for ActiveX Controls

5. Click [OK] to save.

You can also set IP Camera's IP address or URL as the "Trusted Sites". Please see the following:

- 1. Select [Internet Options] in [Tools] menu of IE;
- 2. Switch to [Security] option card;
- 3. Select [Trusted Sites];
- 4. Uncheck "√" before ".....https:(S) ";
- 5. Input IP Camera's IP address or URL, for example, <u>http://192.168.0.250</u> or <u>http://tom.vipcam.cn;</u>
- 6. Click [Add], [OK] to save.

Internet Properties General Security Privacy Content Connections	Programs Advanced
Select a Web content zone to specify its security settin	ıgs.
	stricted sites
Trusted sites This zone contains Web sites that you trust not to damage your computer or data. No site	Sites Trusted sites
Security level for this zone Move the slider to set the security level for Low Minimal safeguards and warning promp Most content is downloaded and run w All active content can run Appropriate for sites that you absolutely	You can add and remove Web sites from this zone. All Web sites in this zone will use the zone's security settings. Add this Web site to the zone:
	http://192.168.0.250 Add
Custom Level	Web sites:
ОК Са	
	Require server verification (https:) for all sites in this zone

Figure 21 Set IP Camera as a trusted site



Note: You maybe have to close IE and run again to make the changes take effect.

After ActiveX Control Installed, you will see the following.

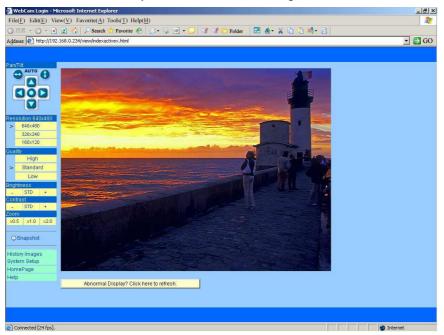


Figure 22 Video webpage

On the top-left of the web page is a pan/tilt control, you can click to move the camera Up/Down/Left/Right, and left-right cruise180 degree or top-down cruise120 degree, or

return to home position.

Note: Do not cruise long time continually.

On the left, you can also select the Resolution, Quality, Brightness, Contrast and Zoom.

Resolution can be 640x480, 320x240, and 160x120. The higher resolution, the higher clarity, while requiring more bandwidth.

Quality can be "High", "Standard" or "Low". "High" consumes largest bandwidth, thus the frame per second will down.

If you feel the frame per second (fps) is too slow, and hope to increase it, you may select "Low" quality and lower resolution. If you hope to see clearer image, you may choose "High" quality and higher resolution.

Brightness and Contrast can be changed according to different environment. "+" means add, "-" means reduce. "STD" means a standard (middle) value.

Zoom will show the video in a scale of half or double. It won't affect the transport fps or bandwidth.

Click [Snapshot] will pop up a new page to snap a static JPEG image, you may click right key of mouse and select "save as..." to store it to your computer.

Click [History], will pop up a History View Page (You must have inserted CF Card first).

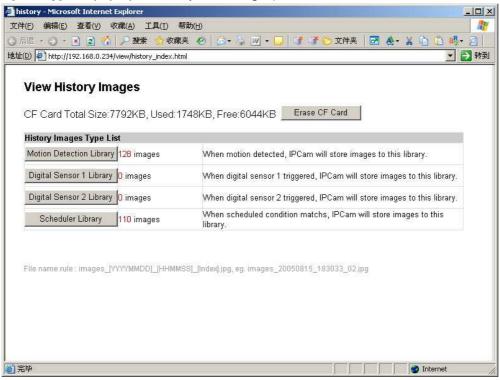


Figure 23 History Images View

4.5 Setup IP Camera on Web

You can click [System Setup] to modify all parameters. See the Chapter 5 for details

4.6 Mounting the IP Camera

The IP Camera can sit on a flat surface, such a shelf or bookcase, be mounted to a wall using the included bracket, or mounted atop a tripod stand using the standard tripod mount located on the underside of the base. When using the camera free standing, be sure to secure the cables. Failing to secure the cables could cause the camera to be pulled off the mounting surface resulting in damage to the camera.



CAUTION: The IP Camera should be mounted indoors or inside a weatherproof enclosure. Outdoor exposure may result in damage and will void your warranty.

CAUTION: Don't mount the IP Camera with the lens facing into direct sunlight. Prolonged exposure to direct sunlight will damage the sensor.

The mounting bracket included with your camera provides convenient mounting to vertical surfaces, such as walls. The camera support platform can be tilted up or down to help point the camera toward your area of interest. You can also rotate the camera in any direction on the platform.

Step 1. Find a suitable location to mount the camera.

Step 2. Using the mounting bracket as a guide, mark the location of the two mounting holes.

Step 3. Drill a ¼" hole for each screw.

Step 4. Use a hammer to tap the two plastic anchors into the holes.

Step 5. Use the two screws to fasten the bracket to the wall.

Step 6. Place the camera on the mounting bracket platform and rotate the camera to be facing in the desired direction.

Step 7. Secure the camera to the mounting bracket using the thumbscrew located on the bottom of the platform.

Step 8. Loosen the tilt adjust thumbscrew and tilt the camera toward the area to be observed.

5 System Configuration

5.1 System status

This page shows status of the system for diagnose.

文件(E) 編辑(E) 査看(Y) 「	牧藏(A) 工具(I) 帮助(H)	
)后退 🔹 🕤 🕤 🔝 🚮	🔎 搜索 ஜ 收藏夹 🧐 🎯 🍕	』 辺 ・ 📮 💕 🌮 文件夹 │ 🛃 🏝 🎽 🚡 🦉・ 🗿
(址(D) 🕘 http://192.168.0.234	/setup/index.html	🖬 🔁
BASIC	System Status	
	System Profile	
 System Status 	Product Name	VimicroIPCameraVS-IPC1002
 Users 	Brief Name	VS-IPC1002
 Network Date & Time 	Product Serial Number	00168E000011
 Date & Time Image Setting 	Hardware Version	1.0.00
o mage county	Firmware Version	1.0.0.81
DVANCED	Service Provider Link	http://www.vipcam.cn
	System Date & Time	2006-06-02.01:32:29
Encryption	System Running Time	0 day(s) 00 hour(s) 08 minute(s) 20 second(s)
 Mail Service FTP Service 	Memory & Process	Total:14324KB Free:9356KB Shared:0KB Buffers:96KB Procs:26 Loads:28064 12640 4000
Sensors	Network Status	
Scheduler	Hostname	VIPCAM
Maintenance	IP Setup Mode	Static(Manually)
 System Log 	IP Address	192.168.0.234
THER	Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
THER	Gateway IP Address	192.168.0.1
Help	DNS Server IP(Primary)	202.106.0.20
Support	DNS Server IP(Secondary)	210.82.5.1
About	PPPoE Status	Disconnected
NKS	PPPoE IP	Not configurated
нкэ	PPPoE Function	Disabled
View Video	E-mail SMTP Server	smtp.126.com
 History Images 	FTP Server	192.168.1.41
Homepage	DDNS Status	Successfully updated IP address to DDNS Server
	Video Status	
	Default Resolution	320x240
完毕	D-6	Ohan dan dik Galara



5.2 User Management

http://192.168.0.23	ŧ/setup/index.html		<u>×</u>
	User Management		
	User Account User Name	Password	Authority
ystem Status Isers	admin	••••••	Administrator -
letwork	user		User 💌
ate & Time nage Setting	roger		User 💌
nage selling	guest		Guest
CED		*******	Disabled 💌
ncryption		******	Disabled 💌
lail Service		*******	Disabled 💌
TP Service ensors		********	Disabled 💌
cheduler laintenance ystem Log	Note: If selected,any visitors will b "Guest" page without enter userna password. Vimicro User Service Setup		age/pan/tilt parameters. unable to setup.
	Enable Vimicro Service		
lelp upport	UserName: owen@vipcam.cn		
bout	Password:		
	Server IP Address: 61.132.74.62	Server Port: 60600	
iew Video	After apply setting, IPCam will reb	oot.	
istory Images			

Figure 25 User Management View

"User name": Determine the username of visitor who can log in. The administrator can set up to 16 case sensitive character names.

"Password": Set up a password for the visitor account. The password must be between one and sixteen bytes which is English and number.

"Authority": Determine the permission lever to "Administrator", "User", "Guest" or "Disabled".

Administrator:	This permission allows the user full access including write permission to all the sections.
User:	This permission level allows the user access to IP Camera menus, but without the permission to setup.
Guest:	This permission level allows the user to access IP Camera's video only. The user does not have any permission to change.
disabled	Make the user account disable, no access.

"Allow Anybody Visit": IP Camera provide a Guest Zone, if you checked this, any temporally visitors may enter Guest Zone to see the video without input any username/password. If you unchecked this (default), the visitors have to enter at least a

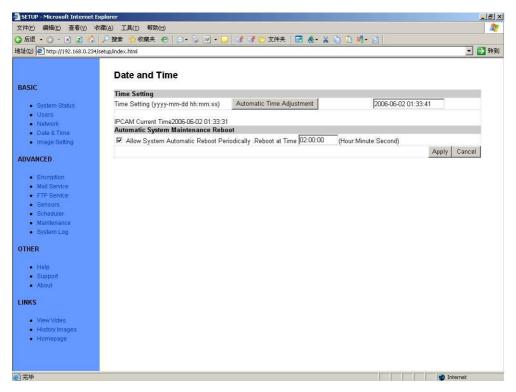
"Guest" permission username/password to visit the "Guest Zone". At any time, the "User Zone" only allows "User" & "Administrator" permission to visit.

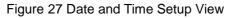
5.3 Network

后退 + 🕤 - 💌 😰 🐔		• 🖵 💕 💕 🌔 文件夹 🛃 🕭 •		
址(D) @ http://192.168.0.23	4/setup/index.html			▶ 转
ASIC	Network Setup			
System Status	IP Address	192.168.0.234		
Users	Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0		
Network	Gateway IP Address	192.168.0.1		
Date & Time	IP Setup Mode	Static(Manually)		
 Image Setting 	DNS Server			
VANCED	DNS Setup Mode	Manually (Fixed)		
	DNS Server IP (Primary)	210.82.5.1		
Encryption	DNS Server IP (Secondary)	202.106.0.20		
 Mail Service FTP Service 	PPPoF	1202.100.0.20		
Sensors	PPPoE Mode	Disable PPPoE 💌		
Scheduler	PPPoE Username	pppoeuser		
Maintenance	PPPoE Password			
System Log HER	Service Name	blank)	(If you ISP didn't provide it to you,please leave it	
	Max Transmit Unit (MTU)(1412~14	192) 1412	(Normally, leave it unchanged)	
 Help Support 	Max Idle Time	D	Seconds (0 means never disconnect)	
 Support About 	M Auto redial when line drop det	tected. (Recommended)		
e noou	🖉 Acquire DNS Server IP From	PPPoE Server. (Recommended)		
IKS	Port Number			
service constants	Web Service Port	80		
 View Video History Images 	Dynamic DNS Service (DDNS)	Provide a second se		
History images Homepage	Dynamic DNS Serivce Provider	3322.org 💌		
		You may click Register to get a	an account. (see also <u>www.vipcam.cn</u>)	
	DDNS Usemame	whowho		

Figure 26 Network Setup View

5.4 Date and Time



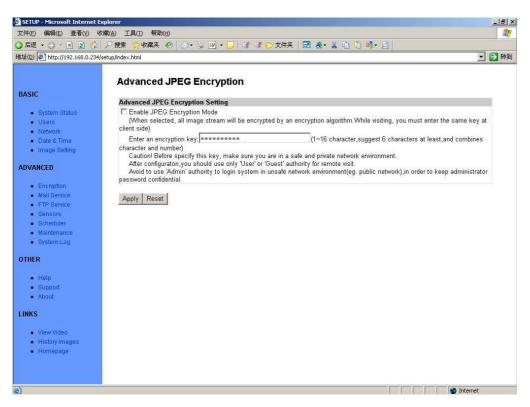


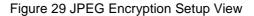
5.5 Video

🚰 SETUP - Microsoft Internet Ex	kplorer		
文件(E) 编辑(E) 查看(У) 收	(廠(A) 工具(I) 帮助(H)		
3 后退 🔹 🔿 🔹 💽 👔 🏠	🔎 搜索 🌸 收藏夹 🧑 🎯・ 🤰	🔟 • 🔜 💕 🍼 文件夹 🛛 🧟 • 👗 🖺 🔞 • 🗿	
地址(D) 🙋 http://192.168.0.234/s	setup/index.html		▼ ラ 转到
BASIC BASIC · System Status · Uaers · Network · Date & Time · Image Setting ADVANCED · Encryption · Mail Service · FTP Service · Sensors · Scheduler · Maintenance · System Log OTHER · Heip · Support · About LINKS · View Video · History Images · Homepage	Video Setup Video Parameters (start up o Resolution Image Quality Contrast: Brightness: Rotation: Advanced Setup White Balance: Exposure: Night Vision Enable Night Vision LEDs Apply Cancel	320x240 v Pixels Middle v 32 [0.64] 32 [0.64] Normal v Indoor v Auto v	

Figure 28 Video Setup View

5.6 JPEG Encryption





	w - Microsoft Internet Explorer	X
	看(Y) 收藏(A) 工具(I) 帮助(H)	A *
🔇 后退 🔹 🕤 🕤 💽		
地址(D) 🖉 http://192.1	68.0.234/view/indexactivex.html	💌 🔁 转到
Por Mill		
	JPEG Advanced Encryption	
	IPCam Enabled JPEG Encryption	
	Password: ******	
Resolution 640x480		
> 640x480	OK Cancel	
320×240		
160x120		
Quality		
High		
> Standard		
Low Brightness		
- STD +		
Contrast		
- STD +		
Zoom x0.5 x1.0 x2.0		
A010 A110 A210		
OSnapshot		
History Images		
System Setup		
HomePage Help		
1 ION	Abnormal Display? Click here to refresh.	
3		
-		
Connected [0 fps].		🔹 🚺 👔 Internet

Figure 30 Require Password Input in Client Web Browser

Advanced Encryption		
PCam Enabled JPEG E	ncryption	
Password:	******	Ĵ
		Cancel

Figure 31 Input Password in Web Browser (ActiveX)

Please input password, m	ax 16 character permitted:

OK	Cancel
警告: Applet 窗口	

Figure 32 Input Password in Web Browser (Java)

5.7 E-mail

		🕜 ず 🕞 文件夹 🛃 🕭 🖌	
址(D) 🛃 http://192.168.0.234	4/setup/index.html		× >
BASIC	E-mail		
	SMTP Setting		
 System Status 	SMTP Server	smtp.126.com	(Host name or IP address)
 Users Network 	Sender's E-mail	testipcam@126.com	
 Date & Time 	E-mail require authorization 🗵		
Image Setting	E-mail sender Username	testipcam	
	E-mail sender Password	*****	
ADVANCED	Note: If you specified a host name,TCP/I TEST	P network setting need specify a valid	DNS server first.
 Encryption 	Send a test E-mail to:		Send
 Mall Service FTP Service 			
Sensors Scheduler Maintenance System Lag			Apply Cancel
Scheduler Maintenance System Log			Apply Cancel
Scheduler Maintenance System Log			Apply Cancel
Scheduler Maintenance System Log THER Help Support			Apply Cancel
Scheduler Maintenance System Log			Apply Cancel
 Scheduler Maintenance System Log THER Help Support About 			Apply Cancel
 Scheduler Maintenance System Log THER Help Support About INKS Vnew Video 			Apply Cancel
 Scheduler Maintenance System Log System Log Help Support About INKS 			Apply Cancel

Figure 33 E-mail Setup View

This section sets up the necessary Email server information. The administrator will have to enter a valid Account Name and Password to the Email server. This information is necessary to allow email notification features.

"SMTP Server": The administrator will have to enter the Email server address here.

"Sender's Email" This will determines IP Camera's Email address.

"Email Requires Authentication": If checked, the administrator will have to provide the account name and password in order to access the Email server.

"E-mail Sender Username": Enter the account name or login name to the Email server."E-mail Sender Password": Enter the password for the above account name.

5.8 FTP

🚰 SETUP - Microsoft Internet	Explorer		<u>_8×</u>
文件(E) 编辑(E) 查看(У)	收藏(A) 工具(I) 帮助(H)		27
🔇 后退 🔹 🕥 🔹 💽 🐔	🔎 搜索 🧙 收藏夹 🥺 🎧 📲 💹	• 🖵 🕼 🗊 文件夹 🛛 🗟 🔥 🔏 🗋 🙆 🏭 🖸 📗	
地址(D) 🛃 http://192.168.0.234	4/setup/index.html		💌 🛃 转到
	FTP		
BASIC	17 18:53		
DEDIG	FTP Setting		
System Status	FTP Server IP	192.168.1.41	
Users	FTP Server Port	21	
 Network Date & Time 	Username	anonymous	
 Image Setting 	Password		
	Connection Mode	Port -	
ADVANCED			Apply Cancel
e e constante a			. 111.1
 Encryption Mail Service 			
FTP Service			
Sensors			
Scheduler			
Maintenance			
 System Log 			
OTHER			
UTILIX			
Help			
 Support 			
About			
LINKS			
Links			
View Video			
 History Images 			
Homepage			
ah men		i i i	
2 完毕			🔮 Internet

Figure 34 FTP Setup View

5.9 Sensors and Motion Detection

th(D) (1) http://192.168.0.23		◎• 🐍 🔟 • 🖵 🔮 🧊 文件夹 🛛 🖻 &• 👗 🚡 🦓 • 🖉	• 🋃 P
ASIC	Sensors and	Motion Detection	
	Motion Detection		
 System Status 	Enable Motion Detec		
 Users Network 	Time (hh:mm)	00:00:00 - 23:59:59	
 Date & Time 			
Image Setting	Detect Sensitivity	5	
	Store to CF Card	Enable 🗾	
OVANCED	FTP Transfer	Disable FTP Server (192.168.1.41) uplo	oad directory: /c/
 Encryption 	Send E-mail	Disable E-mail SMTP Server: smtp. 126	i.com
Mail Service	Mail Receiver 1:	testipcam@126.com (eg. tom@abcd.com)	
FTP Service	Mail Receiver 2:		
Sensors	Relay Output	When motion detected, control internal relay's contact close(ON), otherwise, let	it open(OEE)
 Scheduler 	Digital Sensor Cha		n opon(or r.).
 Maintenance System Log 	Enable Channel 1	No	
Oystenn Log	Channel 1 Trigger Mo	de Normal Open(0), Close(1) as Trigger Signal 🖌	
THER	Time (hh:mm)	0:00:00 23:59:59	
 Help Support 	Store to CF Card	Enable 🗾 Store image every 1 Second 💌	
About	FTP Transfer	Enable Transfer image every 2 Seconds FTP Server (192.168.1.41) uplo	ad directory: 1/a/
	Send E-mail	Disable Transfer image every 5 Seconds E-mail SMTP Server: smtp.126	
NKS	Mail Receiver 1:		count
		testipcam@126.com (eg.tom@abcd.com)	
 View Video History Images 	Mail Receiver 2:		
a motory mageo	Relay Output	When sensor channel 1 triggered, control internal relay's contact close(ON), other	invise, let it open(UFF).
 Homepage 	Digital Sensor Cha		

Figure 35 Sensors and Motion Detection Setup View

5.10 Scheduler Trigger

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)后退 🔹 🕤 🕤 🔝 😰 🐔	│ 2 搜索 🌝 收藏夹 🥙 ⊘ + 😓 🔟 + 📮 📝 🍼 交件夹 🗃 🎄 + 👗 🟠 🛅 🤐 - 💁
出住(D) 🙋 http://192.168.0.234	4/setup/index.html 🔍 💽 转转
System Status Users Network Date & Time Image Setting	Scheduler Trigger Scheduler Trigger Enable Scheduler No 23:59:59 Time (hh.mm) Store to CF Card Enable Store image every Main Store to CF Card Enable Store image every
 Image Setting 	FTP Transfer Enable Transfer image every 1 Minute FTP Server (192.168.1.41) upload directory: /d/1243
DVANCED	Send E-mail Enable Transfer image every 30 Seconds E-mail SMTP Server (192:100-1.41) upidad directory. Por 243
 Encryption Mail Service 	Mail Receiver 1: (eg. tom@abcd.com) Mail Receiver 2:
 Mail Service FTP Service 	Mail Receiver 2.
Sensors	Apply Clear
Scheduler	MUTERIA SALESSA
 Maintenance System Log 	Note: Before you specify a FTP upload directory, you should make sure that there is corresponding directory exists on FTP server, and user has read&write authority.
THER	
Help	
 Support 	
About	
INKS	
 View Video History Images Homepage 	

Figure 36 Scheduler Trigger Setup View

5.11 System Maintenance

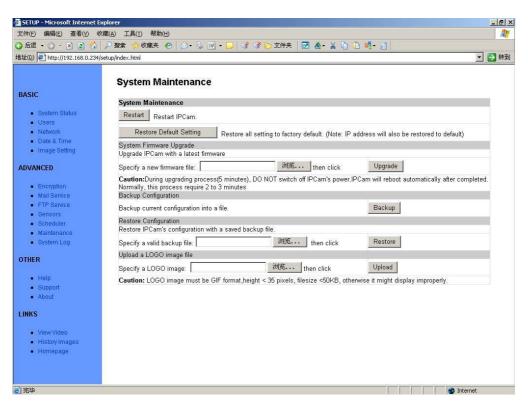


Figure 37 System Maintenance View

5.12 System Log

SETUP - Microsoft Internet I				_8
	收藏(A) 工具(T) 帮助(H)			1
)后退 🔹 🕤 👻 😰 🐔		🛛 🔸 🖵 🤔 💕 🏷 文件夹 🛃 🕭 🖌 🕻		
出止(D) 🙋 http://192.168.0.234	/setup/index.html		<u>×</u>	🔁 转到
	System Log			
BASIC				
	Current image-viewing users I			
 System Status 	ID User Account	Visit Time	IP Address	
Users	5 admin	[02/Jun/2006:01:38:29 +0000]	192.168.0.1	
Network	TOTAL: 1 Users			
 Date & Time Image Setting 	Refresh			
 intage deming 				
ADVANCED	System Log	where the section of the sec		
	Video Visited User Log	List user visit log history (only	users who visited video stream)	
Encryption	System Parameters List	List system configuration para	maters	
 Mail Service FTP Service 		List system consignation para	increase in the second s	
 Fir Service Sensors 				
 Scheduler 				
Maintenance				
 System Log 				
DTHER				
Help				
 Support 				
About				
INKS				
View Video				
 History Images 				
 Homepage 				
and the second second second				
	2			
完毕			Internet	



5.13 Guest Zone

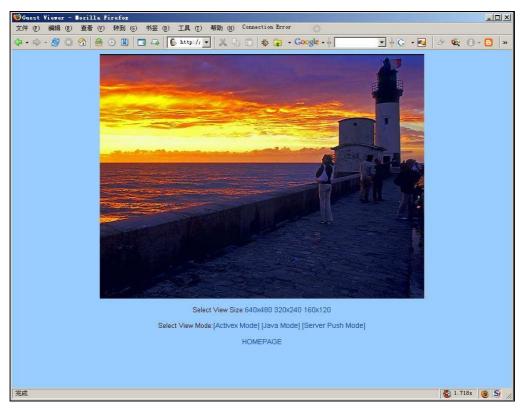


Figure 39 "Guest Zone" View

6 Visit IP Camera over INTERNET

IP Camera is often used in this environment:

- 1. In Local Area Network (LAN) only.
- 2. Direct connect to INTERNET via xDSL (PPPoE) Modem.
- 3. Share one INTERNET connection with other computer, and connect to INTERNET via a gateway or router.

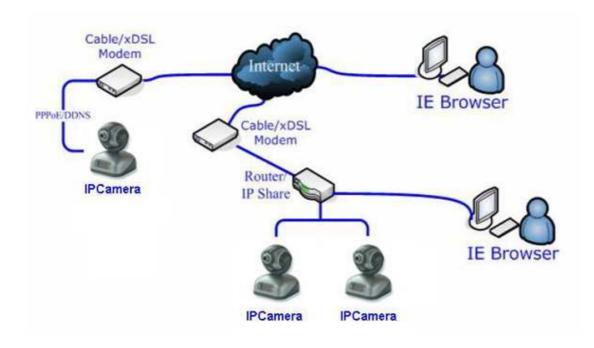


Figure 40 IP Camera's Application Environment

If your LAN is connected to the Internet through a high speed (broadband) Internet connection, you can access your cameras by web browser from anywhere on the Internet. To do this you need to:

- 1. Know your **WAN** (Internet) **IP** address. This is the IP address that your Internet Service Provider gives you to access the Internet. It may be static (always the same) or dynamic (can change from time to time).
- 2. Make sure the port used by the camera (80) is forwarded by your router or gateway to the camera.
- 3. Make sure your camera's default gateway is set to the LAN (local) IP address of your router/gateway.

6.1 WAN IP Address

The WAN (Wide Area Network) IP address that your Internet Service Provider grants you so that you can access the Internet is very different from the LAN or local IP address that your PCs and cameras are using to connect to your local network. Your WAN or Internet IP address is visible to the outside world (Internet) whereas your local addresses are not. To find your home or business network from the Internet you must know your WAN IP address.

Your WAN IP address is stored by your gateway router which uses it to connect to the Internet. All the devices on your network connect to the Internet via your gateway router. You can find your current WAN IP address by checking your router's status page. There

are also various websites such as www.whatismyip.com which will tell you the IP address that you are currently using to access the Internet.

The term **gateway** is used generically to mean the device that connects a local network to the Internet. A gateway may be a router, a PC running software which allows it to act as a gateway such as a proxy server, or some other device. Most home networks use a NAT (Network Address Translation) router as a gateway. The term gateway router refers to such a device.

Static versus Dynamic IP address

The IP address (or addresses) your ISP has provided you will either be static, which means it never changes, or dynamic, meaning it can change periodically. Dynamic addresses present an additional challenge when trying to locate your network from the Internet since your address may have changed since the last time you checked it. How often your dynamic address changes vary from one service provider to another. Also, any time you reboot your cable or DSL modem, your are likely to get a new address when reconnecting. The solution to the ever changing IP address is known as DDNS or dynamic domain name service. A DDNS will allow you to find your network by a domain name, such as tom.vipcam.cn, rather than needing to know the IP address.

6.2 Network Address Translation (NAT)

Most home routers and business firewalls today perform something called NAT or Network Address Translation. NAT translates your external or WAN IP address into an internal address inside your gateway router. What this means is, you can think of your router as being divided into two halves, the LAN side (inside) and the WAN side (outside or Internet side). When a connection request arrives at your router from the Internet, it will not get any farther than the WAN side unless you have specifically instructed your router to pass this type of request to a specific device on your LAN. This process is known as port forwarding or port redirecting.

6.3 Port Forwarding

All TCP/IP (Internet) networking uses software ports. Ports can be thought of as channels on your television. By default, all web page traffic is on channel (port) 80. By default, the IP Camera uses port 80 to deliver its web page to your browser. Therefore, both of these *channels* (ports) must be open (not blocked by your router/firewall) to incoming traffic in order for you to connect to the camera from the Internet. Also, these two ports must be forwarded or redirected to the camera's LAN IP address by your gateway router. Your router's setup software should provide a utility for port forwarding or redirecting. Before setting up port forwarding, it's best to configure your IP Camera to use a **static** LAN IP since your port forwarding setup will need to be updated if the camera's LAN IP address changes.



Note: Forwarding ports to your camera does not pose any additional security risk to your LAN.

6.4 Default Gateway

Devices (PCs, cameras, etc.) on your network connect to the Internet via a gateway. For most home networks, a NAT type router serves as the gateway. For business LANs, the gateway may be a PC running gateway software. In order for any device on your network to get connected to the Internet, it must know the LAN IP address of your gateway. If your camera is set up to use DHCP, then it will retrieve this information automatically from your router.

However, if you have configured your camera to use a static IP address, you must also be sure that you have set the correct gateway IP address in order to connect your camera to the Internet.



Note: It may not be possible to test WAN (Internet) access to your cameras from a PC connected to the LAN. To be sure that your cameras are accessible by the Internet, you should contact someone you know with Internet access (preferable broadband) and have them enter your WAN IP address into their browser.

You camera is now live on the Internet. Browsing your camera from the Internet is the same as browsing on your LAN except that you must enter your WAN IP address (or camera domain name if you've set up a DDNS service) instead of the LAN IP address.

6.5 Accessing Multiple Cameras over the Internet

When accessing multiple cameras over the Internet, you must assign separate port numbers for each camera. The reason for this is simple. Your gateway router needs some way of knowing which camera to direct an incoming request to. Unless directed otherwise, your browser will always send web page requests to port 80. Since port 80 can only be forwarded to one LAN IP address, all incoming web page requests on port 80 will go to this address.

The solution to this problem is to set up the router, assign a different port number to each camera. For example, you may set up your second camera to use port 81. When you want to

access this camera, you would tell your browser to use port 81, instead of port 80. In your router's port forwarding setup, you would need to forward port 81 to the LAN IP address of the second camera. Web page requests arriving at port 81 will automatically be directed to the second camera's address.

To instruct your browser to use a different port, other than 80, to access a web page, you would add the port number at the end of the IP address or URL, separated by a colon. For example, to access a camera on port 81 if your WAN IP address is 210.82.13.21, you would enter http:// 210.82.13.21:81 into your browser's address bar. You can do the same thing with a URL such as http://tom.vipcam.cn:81.

The steps to set up remote access are as follows:

- 1. Go to your gateway router setup page and configure port forwarding to port 81 to LAN IP address of Camera_1(e.g. 192.168.0.151) and port 82 to the LAN IP address of Camera_2(e.g. 192.168.0.152).
- From somewhere on the Internet, bring up Internet Explorer and enter your WAN IP address followed by a colon and the port number such as: http://210.82.13.21:81 to access Camera_1.



Note: Some routers use port 80 for remote configuration and it's possible to experience a conflict when using port 80 for camera access. Therefore, you should use port 81 for your first camera, port 82 for the second, etc... This setup also makes it easier to remember which camera is using a particular port number.

6.6 Dynamic Domain Name Service (DDNS)

Your Internet Service Provider (ISP) provides you at least one IP address which you use to connect to the Internet. The address you get may be static, meaning it never changes, or dynamic, meaning it's likely to change periodically. Just how often it changes, depends on your ISP. A dynamic IP address complicates remote access since you may not know what your current WAN IP address is when you want to access your network over the Internet. The solution to the dynamic IP address problem comes in the form of a dynamic DNS service.

The Internet uses DNS servers to lookup domain names and translates them into IP addresses. Domain names, such as www.vipcam.cn (The writing of the base decals

have already applied for the good DDNS and passwords on this Web address), are just

easy to remember aliases for IP addresses. A dynamic DNS service is unique because it provides a means of updating your IP address so that your listing will remain current when your IP address changes. There are several excellent DDNS services available on the Internet and best of all most are free to use. Two such services you can use are <u>www.3322.org</u> and <u>www.vipcam.cn</u>. You'll need to register with the service and set up the domain name of your choice to begin using it. Please refer to the home page of the service for detailed instructions.

A DDNS service works by uploading your WAN IP address to its servers periodically. Your gateway-router may support DDNS directly, in which case you can enter your DDNS account information into your router and it will update the DDNS servers automatically when your IP address changes. Please consult your router's documentation for more information. If your router does not support DDNS, you can setup the IP Camera's DDNS client.

6.7 Configuration Example

At home or business LAN, one or more computers and IP Cameras are connected to the same IP Sharing Device(Gateway/Router), IP Sharing Device was assigned a public IP Address by ISP(e.g. 210.82.13.21), while each devices in LAN has assigned a different LAN IP(e.g. 192.168.0.151/192.168.0.10/192.168.0.11).

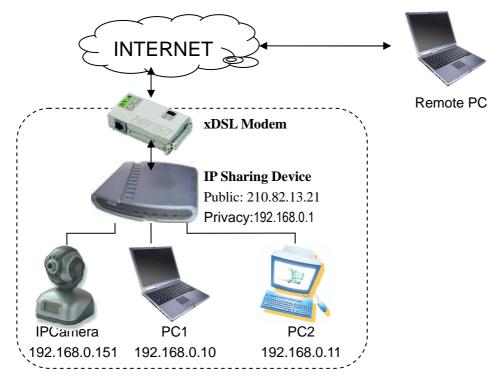


Figure 41 Typical Network Environment

Now, every LAN devices connect to INTERNET via NAT function provided by IP Sharing Device. However, from the point of remote PC's view, remote PC see only an IP Sharing Device, it doesn't know how many PCs existed inside privacy LAN. This IP Sharing Device is also acted as a firewall.

Thus, we have changed the setting of IP Sharing Device; let public PC has the

opportunity to access LAN devices, e.g. IP Camera.

We can achieve this goal by enable Reversal NAT (RNAT) function of IP Sharing Device.

- "Virtual Server": Many routers have "Virtual Server" support. You must forward the WAN 80 TCP port to LAN IP Camera's IP and Port. (If you visit 210.82.13.21's 80 port outside, you will be forward to LAN 192.168.0.2's 80 port).
- 2. Another method is the "DMZ Host". If enabled to use a LAN device as the DMZ host, the outside PC will be able visit this LAN device directly, as if there is no IP Sharing Device exists. This method support only one LAN device exposed to the WAN. Thus, if you have more IP Cameras, you have to use the above method.

Take D-Link (<u>http://www.dlink.com</u>) DI-604/DI-614+/DI-624 as an example:

1) Login to your router;

2) In WAN configuration, input the PPPoE username and password provided by your ISP;

3) Click Advanced on Top of homepage;

4) Click **Virtual Server** (Note: If you use Virtual Server mode, you must turn DMZ host function off first. DMZ Host function will disable all Virtual Server function)

5) Input the following information on page:

Enabled/Disabled:	Enabled
Name:	VilarCamera
Private IP:	Input IP Camera's Address, e.g. 192.168.0.151
Protocol Type:	ТСР
Private Port:	80
Public Port:	80
Schedule:	Always
6) Click Apply to sa	ave. IP Camera can be accessed in WAN.

7 Technical Parameters

Items	Description
Video	
Video Input	Single high quality CMOS Sensor (30,0000 pixels)
Compression	Motion-JPEG
FPS	30 frame per second (640x480) maximum.
Resolution	VGA (640x480) CIF (320x240) QCIF (160x120) Optional
Typical Bandwidth	160x120@10fps : 300 kilobits ~ 480 kilobits

320x240@10fps:640 kilobits ~ 960 kilobits640x480@10fps:3.2 Megabits ~ 4.8 Megabits160x120@30fps:900 kilobits ~ 1.44 Megabits320x240@30fps:1.92 Megabits ~ 2.88 Megabits640x480@30fps:9.6 Megabits ~ 14.4 MegabitsInterface1.44 MegabitsDigital Input2-way Open/Close InputRelay Output1-way Relay Output (36V AC/DC, 2A)Connection5 PinsNetwork1InterfaceEthernet 10/100Base-T RJ-45ProtocolTransport: RTP/IP, UDP/IP, TCP/IP, SMTP/HTTP/FTPOther: DNS and DHCP client, DDNSPowerSupplySupply5V DCConsumption5W MaximumPhysicalInterface
160x120@30fps:900 kilobits ~ 1.44 Megabits320x240@30fps:1.92 Megabits ~ 2.88 Megabits640x480@30fps:9.6 Megabits ~ 14.4 MegabitsInterfaceDigital Input2-way Open/Close InputRelay Output1-way Relay Output (36V AC/DC, 2A)Connection5 PinsNetworkInterfaceEthernet 10/100Base-T RJ-45ProtocolTransport: RTP/IP , UDP/IP , TCP/IP , SMTP/HTTP/FTPOther: DNS and DHCP client, DDNSPowerSupply5V DCConsumption5W Maximum
320x240@30fps:1.92 Megabits ~ 2.88 Megabits640x480@30fps:9.6 Megabits ~ 14.4 MegabitsInterface2-way Open/Close InputDigital Input2-way Open/Close InputRelay Output1-way Relay Output (36V AC/DC, 2A)Connection5 PinsNetwork5 PinsInterfaceEthernet 10/100Base-T RJ-45ProtocolTransport: RTP/IP , UDP/IP , TCP/IP , SMTP/HTTP/FTPOther: DNS and DHCP client, DDNSPowerSupply5V DCConsumption5W Maximum
640x480@30fps:9.6 Megabits ~ 14.4 MegabitsInterfaceDigital Input2-way Open/Close InputRelay Output1-way Relay Output (36V AC/DC, 2A)Connection5 PinsNetworkInterfaceEthernet 10/100Base-T RJ-45ProtocolTransport: RTP/IP , UDP/IP , TCP/IP , SMTP/HTTP/FTPOther: DNS and DHCP client, DDNSPowerSupply5V DCConsumption5W Maximum
Interface Digital Input 2-way Open/Close Input Relay Output 1-way Relay Output (36V AC/DC, 2A) Connection 5 Pins Network Interface Ethernet 10/100Base-T RJ-45 Protocol Transport: RTP/IP , UDP/IP , TCP/IP , SMTP/HTTP/FTP Other: DNS and DHCP client, DDNS Power Supply 5V DC Consumption 5W Maximum
Digital Input2-way Open/Close InputRelay Output1-way Relay Output (36V AC/DC, 2A)Connection5 PinsNetworkInterfaceEthernet 10/100Base-T RJ-45ProtocolTransport: RTP/IP , UDP/IP , TCP/IP , SMTP/HTTP/FTPOther: DNS and DHCP client, DDNSPowerSupply5V DCConsumption5W Maximum
Relay Output1-way Relay Output (36V AC/DC, 2A)Connection5 PinsNetworkInterfaceInterfaceEthernet 10/100Base-T RJ-45ProtocolTransport: RTP/IP , UDP/IP , TCP/IP , SMTP/HTTP/FTPOther: DNS and DHCP client, DDNSPowerSupply5V DCConsumption5W Maximum
Connection5 PinsNetworkInterfaceEthernet 10/100Base-T RJ-45ProtocolTransport: RTP/IP , UDP/IP , TCP/IP , SMTP/HTTP/FTPOther: DNS and DHCP client, DDNSPowerSupply5V DCConsumption5W Maximum
Network Interface Ethernet 10/100Base-T_RJ-45 Protocol Transport: RTP/IP , UDP/IP , TCP/IP , SMTP/HTTP/FTP Other: DNS and DHCP client, DDNS Power Supply 5V DC Consumption 5W Maximum
Interface Ethernet 10/100Base-T RJ-45 Protocol Transport: RTP/IP , UDP/IP , TCP/IP , SMTP/HTTP/FTP Other: DNS and DHCP client, DDNS Power Supply 5V DC Consumption 5W Maximum
Protocol Transport: RTP/IP , UDP/IP , TCP/IP , SMTP/HTTP/FTP Other: DNS and DHCP client, DDNS Power Supply 5V DC Consumption 5W Maximum
Protocol Other: DNS and DHCP client, DDNS Power Supply 5V DC Consumption 5W Maximum
Other: DNS and DHCP client, DDNS Power Supply 5V DC Consumption 5W Maximum
Supply5V DCConsumption5W Maximum
Consumption 5W Maximum
Physical
Temperature 0°C~45°C
Humidity 50°C 95%
Management
System Setup Web Page
Upgrade Firmware upgrade by Web
Other
CPU 32bit ARM@66MHz frequency.
SDRAM 16MByte
FLASH 4MByte